

CITY OF WOODINVILLE **ANNUAL POLICE SERVICE HIGHLIGHTS & DATA** **2010**



Provided for the Residents by:

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COUNCIL MEMBERS	Liz Aspen Jeff Glickman Scott Hageman Paulette Bauman Susan-Boundy Sanders
CITY MANAGER	Richard Leahy
CHIEF OF POLICE	Chief Sydney Jackson



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About the Annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report

The Annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report contains information on the service efforts and accomplishments of the Woodinville Police Department to support its mission, goals, and objectives. The goal of the report is to keep the City of Woodinville residents, staff, administrators, and elected officials informed of police service and crime activity in the city. The report is produced by the City of Woodinville Police Department in partnership with the King County Sheriff's Office (KCSO) Research, Planning and Informational Services and Contracts Units. Questions about the report can be directed to the Woodinville chief of police.

The Police Service Highlights section gives a narrative of police efforts and year-to-year comparisons of selected crime and police service data. Most of the data in this section is taken from the Police Services Data section unless otherwise indicated as being from a difference source.

The Police Service Data section provides further detailed crime and police service data. Please note that numbers in this section may differ slightly from numbers in the Police Services Highlights due to rounding differences.

Woodinville Police Department Mission, Goals, & Core Values

Mission

The mission of the Woodinville Police Department is to prevent crime and create an environment where people feel safe, while providing quality, professional law enforcement services designed to improve public safety.

Core Values

The Woodinville Police are committed to the core values of Leadership, Integrity, Service and Teamwork. We firmly believe in our core values and let these values guide all work that we do in the community.

Goals & Objectives

In order to realize this mission, the City of Woodinville Police Department has adopted the following goals and objectives:

Goal # 1: Reduce crime and the fear of crime

Objective: Use information for crime analysis

Objective: Apprehend offenders

Objective: Prevent crime

Objective: Improve residents' feeling of security

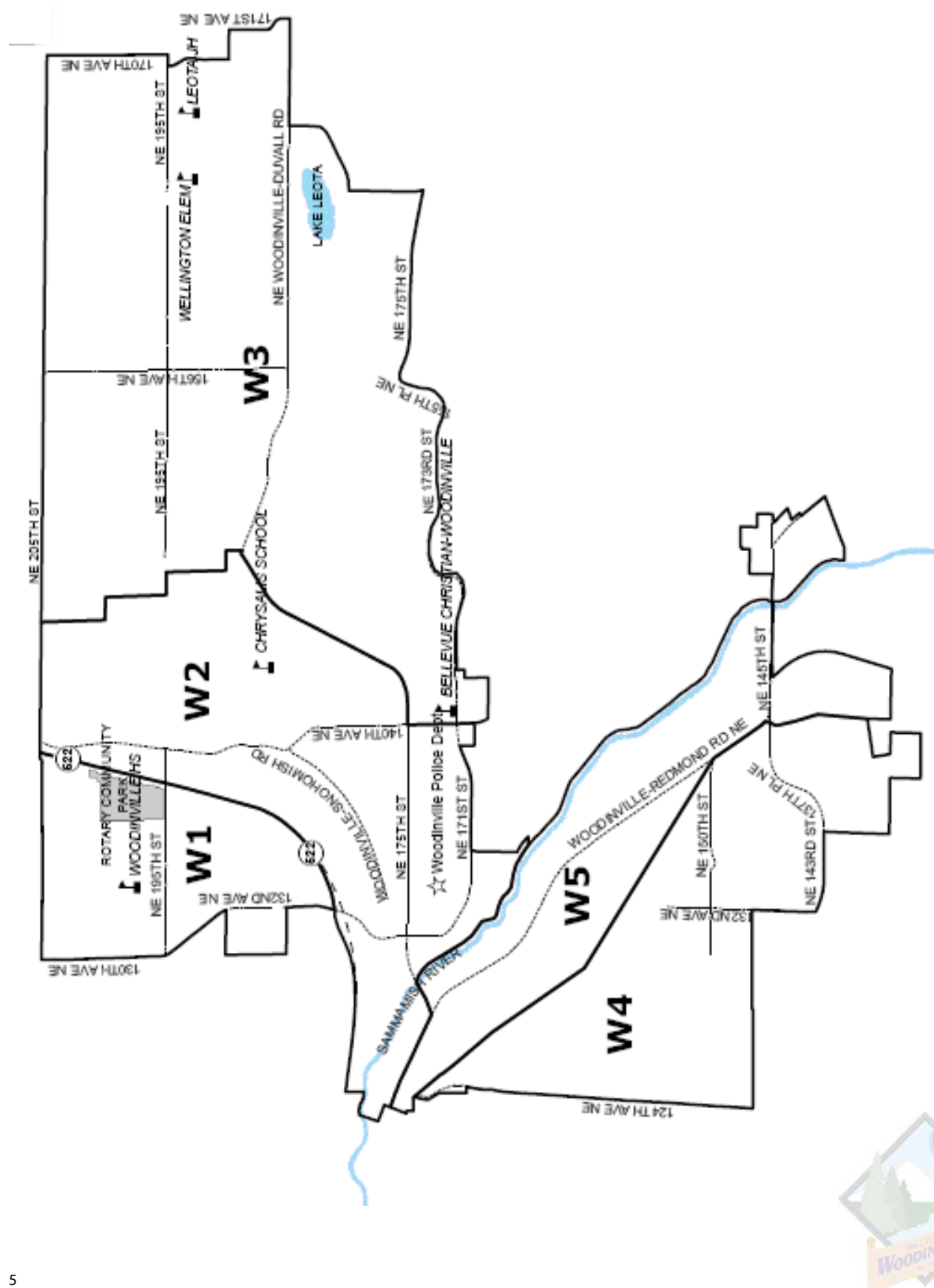
Goal # 2: Provide high-quality, cost-effective, and accountable services to the City of Woodinville

Objective: Provide responsive services to residents.

Objective: Provide cost-effective services to residents.



City of Woodinville Patrol Area



City of Woodinville **Police Service Highlights** 2010



City Police Cost Comparison

The city cost comparison study is conducted annually by the King County Sheriff's Office Contracts Unit. The study accounts for city budget differences and may factor in (or factor out) certain line items in an effort to allow for "apples-to-apples" comparison between cities. Woodinville's cost per capita shown here is different than the contract cost per capita, which only includes Woodinville's law enforcement contract paid to the county. The following budget information is obtained directly from the city's budget, which may include funding for extra police services.

City	2009 Crime Rate	2010 Police Budget	2010 Census Population	2010 Budgeted Sworn	Cost/ Capita	Cost/ Sworn	Sworn/ 1000
Auburn	53.50	\$21,165,207	70,180	100.00	\$302	\$211,652	1.42
Bellevue	34.20	\$33,937,328	122,363	180.00	\$277	\$188,541	1.47
Black Diamond	15.80	\$1,484,463	4,151	11.00	\$358	\$134,951	2.65
Bothell	27.80	\$10,970,610	33,505	58.00	\$327	\$189,148	1.73
Burien	53.80	\$7,520,416	48,072	49.02	\$156	\$153,415	1.02
Covington	38.70	\$2,844,412	17,575	15.72	\$162	\$180,942	0.89
Des Moines	35.40	\$8,177,936	29,673	37.00	\$276	\$221,025	1.25
Edmonds	24.80	\$8,654,186	39,709	56.00	\$218	\$154,539	1.41
Federal Way	55.50	\$24,053,497	89,306	135.00	\$269	\$178,174	1.51
Issaquah	24.30	\$5,867,316	30,434	33.00	\$193	\$177,797	1.08
Kenmore	21.10	\$3,029,094	20,460	15.94	\$148	\$190,031	0.78
Kent	49.10	\$27,026,798	118,565	132.00	\$228	\$204,748	1.11
Kirkland	34.90	\$15,871,910	48,787	90.00	\$325	\$176,355	1.84
Lake Forest Park	19.30	\$2,986,445	12,598	19.00	\$237	\$157,181	1.51
Lynnwood	66.60	\$13,673,851	35,836	80.00	\$382	\$170,923	2.23
Maple Valley	22.40	\$2,653,533	22,684	13.73	\$117	\$193,265	0.61
Mercer Island	18.90	\$5,894,348	22,699	32.00	\$260	\$184,198	1.41
Mukilteo	28.80	\$3,998,330	20,254	28.00	\$197	\$142,798	1.38
Newcastle	22.90	\$1,452,050	10,380	8.44	\$140	\$172,044	0.81
Normandy Park	21.70	\$1,873,328	6,335	13.00	\$296	\$144,102	2.05
North Bend	51.90	\$1,432,461	5,731	7.40	\$250	\$193,576	1.29
Puyallup	81.80	\$18,131,063	37,022	57.00	\$490	\$318,089	1.54
Redmond	33.00	\$14,392,471	54,144	85.00	\$266	\$169,323	1.57
Renton	55.50	\$23,265,630	90,927	123.00	\$256	\$189,151	1.35
Sammamish	9.00	\$4,538,012	45,780	25.94	\$99	\$174,943	0.57
SeaTac	62.30	\$8,984,070	26,909	45.67	\$334	\$196,717	1.70
Seattle	65.00	\$265,317,691	608,660	1,349.00	\$436	\$196,677	2.22
Shoreline	31.60	\$9,880,011	53,007	53.77	\$186	\$183,746	1.01
Snoqualmie	17.30	\$2,768,876	10,670	14.00	\$260	\$197,777	1.31
Tukwila	189.50	\$12,838,220	19,107	71.00	\$672	\$180,820	3.72
Woodinville	42.90	\$2,456,418	10,938	13.06	\$225	\$188,087	1.19
Contract City Averages (weighted)					\$171	\$180,106	0.95
Non-Contract City Averages (weighted)					\$347	\$193,248	1.80



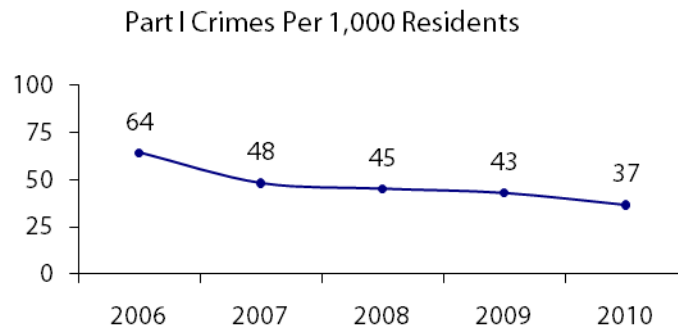
Data sources:

1. City budgets are found on city websites or via city finance personnel.
2. Population is from the 2010 Census.
3. Crime rates are from the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs (WASPC).
Crime rates for 2010 were not yet released at this report's publish date.



Woodinville's Crime Rate

The Crime Rate is a calculation of the number of Part I Crimes divided by population in thousands. Part I Crimes is a category of crimes established by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It includes criminal homicide (which includes murder and non-negligent manslaughter, but excludes deaths by negligence, attempts to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, justifiable homicide, and traffic fatalities), forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.



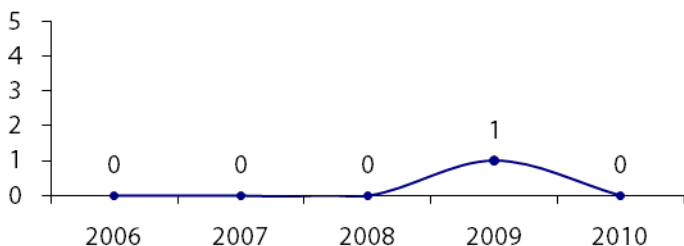
Source: Police Services Data



Part I Violent Crimes against People

Part I Crimes include crimes categorized as “violent crimes” or “crimes against people.” The following are Woodinville’s Part I Violent Crimes.

Murder



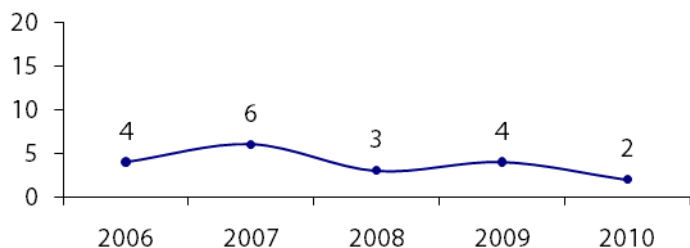
Source for all below: Police Services Data

Murder

The following situations are not included in this crime classification: deaths caused by negligence, suicide, or accident; justifiable homicides; and attempts to murder or assaults to murder, which are counted as aggravated assaults.

The count for the 1 homicide in 2009 was an officer-involved shooting that was found to be justified after investigation.

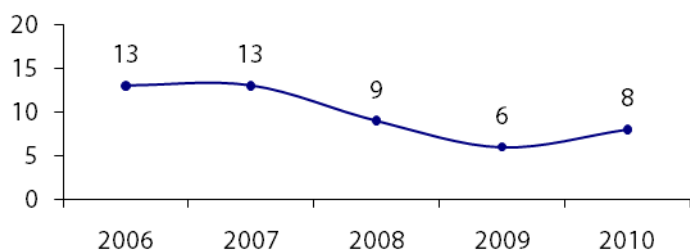
Rape



Rape

Rapes by force and attempts or assaults to rape, regardless of the age of the victim, are included in this count. Statutory offenses (no force used—victim under age of consent) are excluded.

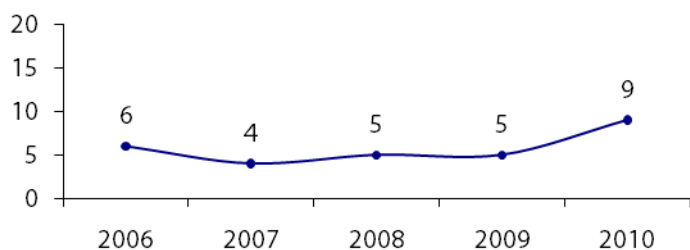
Aggravated Assault



Aggravated Assault

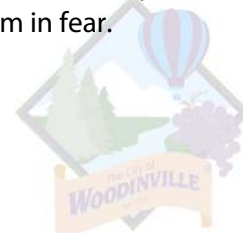
Aggravated assault is an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

Robbery



Robbery

Robbery is the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person by force, threat of force, violence, or by putting the victim in fear.

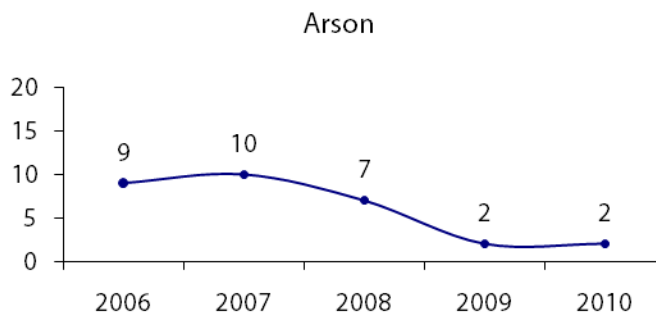


Part I Non-Violent Crimes against Property

The second group of Part I Crimes is known as “non-violent crimes,” “crimes against property,” or “property crimes.” The following are Woodinville’s Part I Crimes against Property. Information about vehicle theft, also included in this category, can be found with traffic and automobile incident information.

Arson

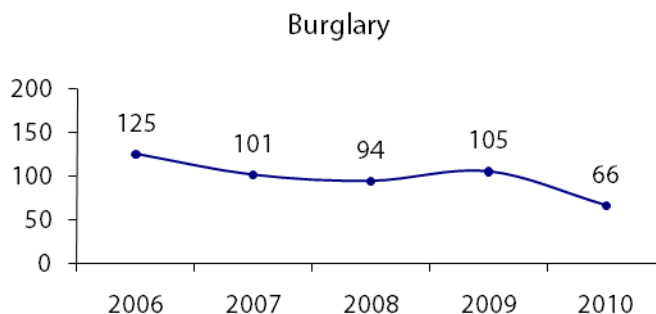
Arson is any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another.



Source for all below: Police Services Data

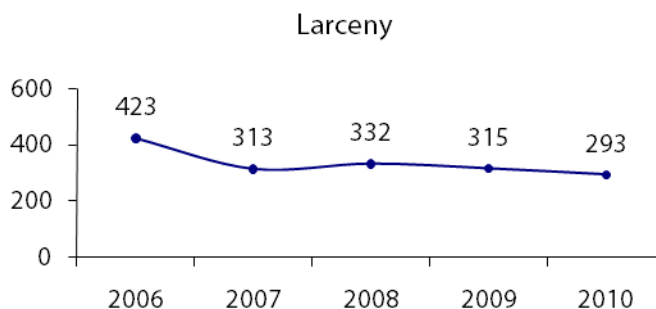
Burglary (breaking or entering)

Burglary is the unlawful entry of a commercial or residential structure with the intent to commit a crime. Attempted forcible entry is included.



Larceny (except vehicles)

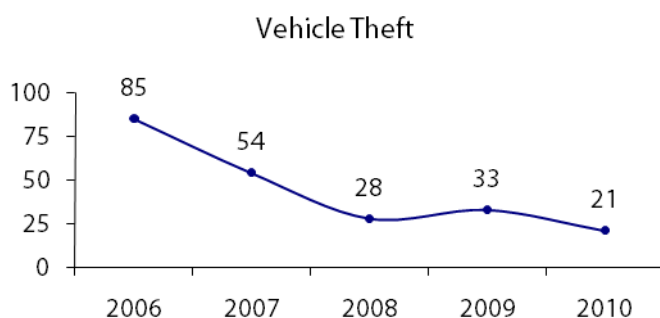
Larceny is the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property of any value amount from the possession or constructive possession of another. Examples are thefts of bicycles, motor vehicle parts and accessories, shoplifting, pocket-picking, or the stealing of any property or article that is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Attempted larcenies are included. Embezzlement, forgery, check fraud, and like crimes are excluded.



Traffic and Automobile Incident Information

Vehicle theft

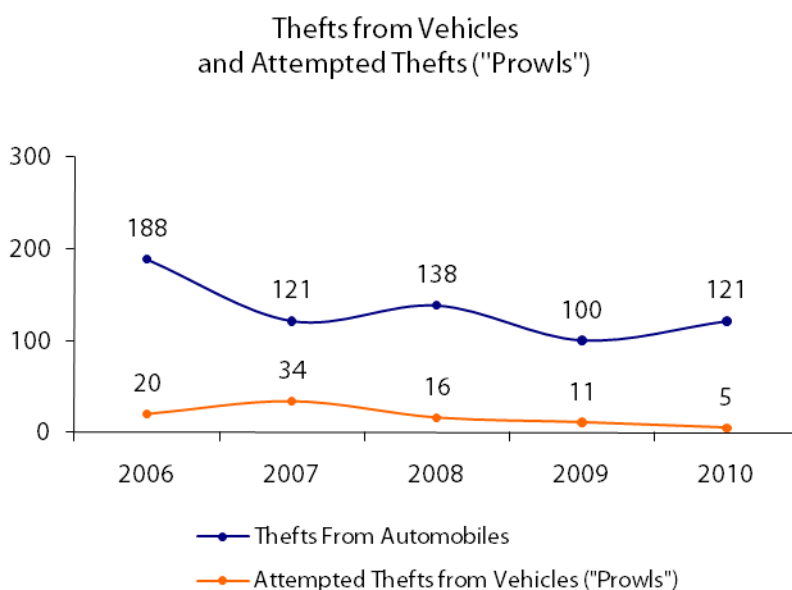
Vehicle theft is included in Part I Crimes against Property. It is the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle, which is defined as being self-propelled and running on a land surface and not on rails. Motorboats, construction equipment, airplanes, and farming equipment are specifically excluded from this category.



Source: Police Services Data

Thefts and Attempted Thefts ("Prowls") from Automobiles

A theft or attempted theft ("prowl") from an automobile is the act or attempted act of taking something from the inside of an automobile.

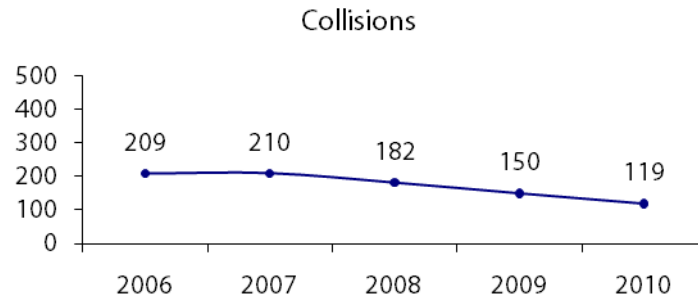


Source: Police Services Data and CAD System



Traffic Collisions

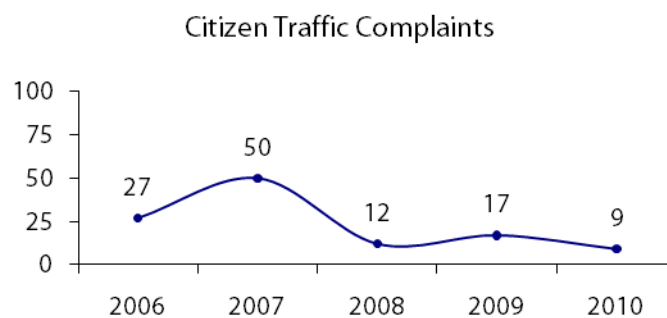
Collision information includes reports for injury, non-injury, and fatality vehicle collisions. Driving under the influence (DUI) collisions are excluded from this category.



Source: Police Services Data

Citizen Traffic Complaints

Citizen traffic complaints include all reports residents make regarding chronic traffic violations and requests for traffic enforcement. Complaints are assigned out to specific traffic enforcement units as well as patrol and are worked on a regular basis. Some complaints are resolved relatively quickly, while others become the site of on-going traffic enforcement projects.

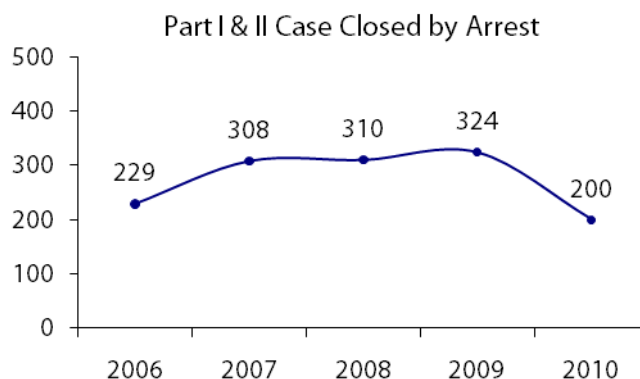


Source: Police Services Data



Part I & II Cases Closed by Arrest

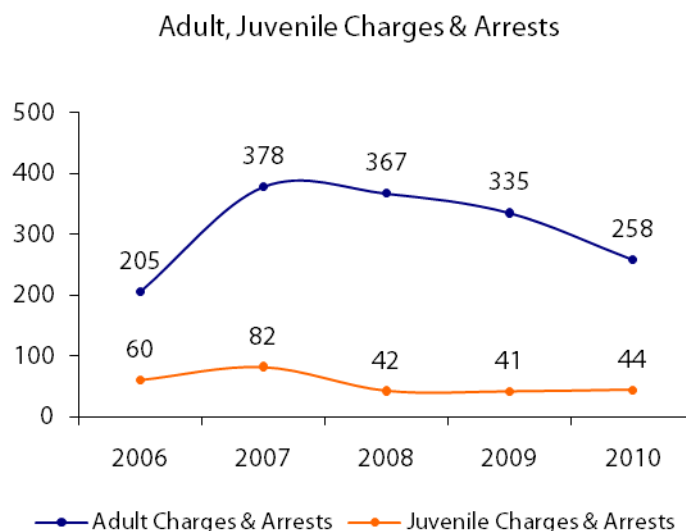
The cases below represent incidents where an officer or detective has recommended that the King County Prosecutor's Office file criminal charges against the case suspect. These criminal charges may result in an arrest or another form of punitive action, such as a citation. A prosecuting attorney is solely responsible for the decision to formally file charges and prosecute defendants.



Source: KCSO RPIS Unit

Adult and Juvenile Charges and Arrests

One or more charges can result from a single arrest. Charges also can be filed when probable cause exists against a person who may not have been arrested. The following are the total number of felony and misdemeanor charges and arrests by adult and juvenile status.



Source: Police Services Data

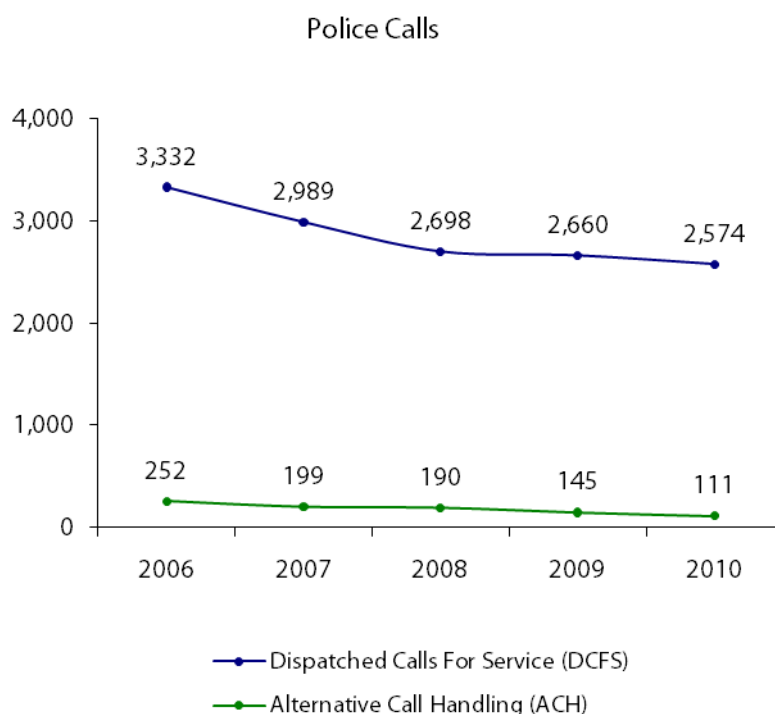


Calls for Police Assistance

The public receives police assistance in a variety of ways. Residents can call the Emergency 911 Communications Center to have one or more officers dispatched to the field, called a “dispatched call for service.”

In addition to dispatched calls for service, 911 center operators can take certain types of reports over the phone through alternative call handling (ACH). This allows police officers more time to respond to those who need an officer present at the location of their incident.

Following are the numbers of dispatched calls for service (DCFS) and alternative call handling (ACH) incidents reported.



Source: Police Services Data and CAD



Dispatched Calls For Service (DCFS): The number of DCFS shown here includes calls that are verified to take place inside the city limits and that are charged to the city as part of its police contract. Total DCFS counts, as shown in the Police Service Data section, may be slightly higher (usually less than 5 percent higher).



Response Times to High Priority Calls

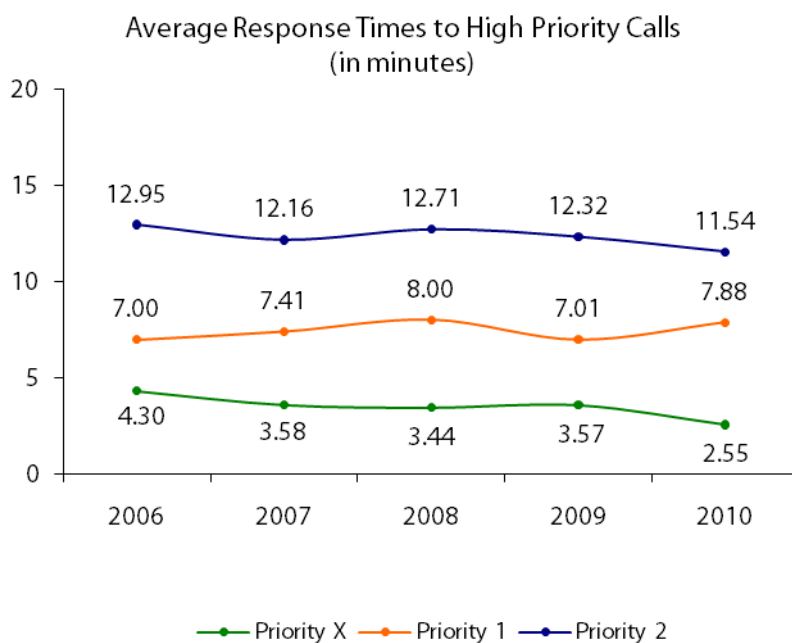
When calls for police assistance are received by the Emergency 911 Communications Center, they are entered into the Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) system and given a "priority" based on the criteria described below. If the call receiver is in doubt as to the appropriate priority, the call is assigned the higher of the two priority designators in question.

"Priority X" designates critical dispatches. These are incidents that pose an obvious danger to the life of an officer or citizen. It is used for felony crimes in-progress where the possibility of confrontation between a victim and suspect exists. Examples include shootings, stabbings, robberies or burglaries.

"Priority 1" designates immediate dispatches. These are calls that require immediate police action. Examples include silent alarms, injury traffic accidents, in-progress crimes or crimes so recent that the suspect may still be in the immediate area.

"Priority 2" designates prompt dispatches. These are calls that could escalate to a more serious degree if not policed quickly. Examples include verbal disturbances and blocking traffic accidents.

Following are the City of Woodinville's Police response times for the above priority calls. Response times include all time from the receipt of a phone call to the moment an officer arrives at the location of the incident.



Source: Police Services Data

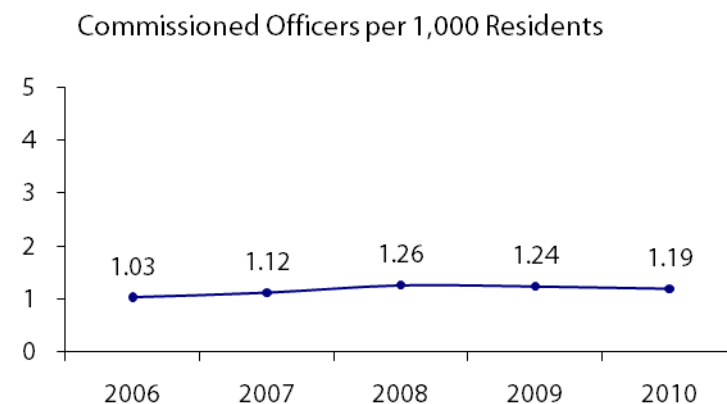


Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD): A computerized communication system used by emergency response agencies for dispatching and tracking calls for emergency assistance.



Commissioned Officers per 1,000 Residents

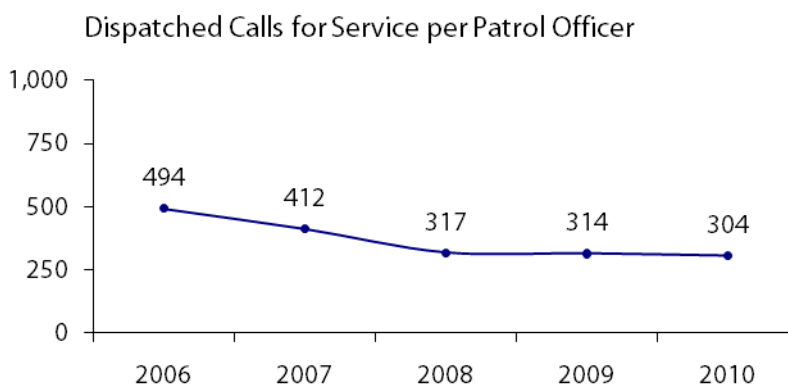
Commissioned officers per 1,000 residents shows how many commissioned police officers are employed by Woodinville for every 1,000 residents. This number includes commissioned officers who work in supervisory or other non-patrol related positions as well as special services officers who work part-time for the city. It does not include professional (i.e. non-commissioned) support staff.



Source: KCSO Contracts Unit

Dispatched Calls for Service (DCFS) per Patrol Officer

Dispatched calls for service (DCFS) per patrol officer is the average number of dispatched calls one patrol officer responds to within a year. This number uses only dispatched calls Woodinville pays for and does not include the number of responses an officer initiates (such as witnessing) and responding to traffic violations, called "on views". Also, the numbers below are *patrol only* and exclude non-patrol commissioned officers (such as supervisors or special duty officers/detectives).



Source: KCSO Contracts Unit

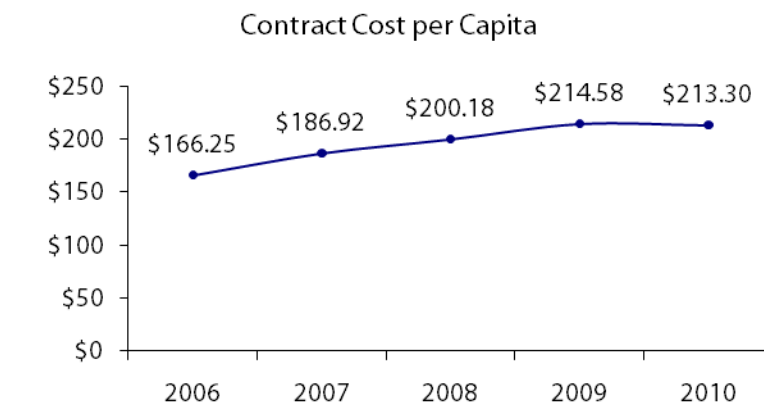


Costs of Police Services per Capita

The City of Woodinville contracts with the King County Sheriff's Office (KCSO) for police services. Among other benefits, contracting for services from a larger law enforcement agency allows for cost savings through "economies of scale." Specific economies of scale provided through the contract with KCSO include:

- Mutual aid agreements with other law enforcement agencies in Washington State
- A large pool of officers if back-up help is necessary
- Coverage if city officers are away
- Expertise of specialized units to assist officers
- More experienced officers to select from for city staffing
- Cost sharing throughout the department to keep city costs down

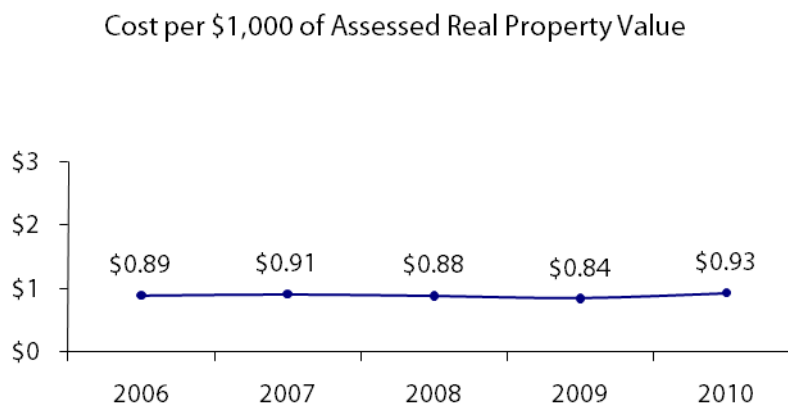
Costs for police services vary depending on a city's resources and the level and type of police services the community wants. The City of Woodinville may have additional funds or expenditures for special projects or programs as part of the city's law enforcement budget. These additional costs are not reflected in the contract cost per capita, which shows the contract cost for police services divided by Woodinville's population.



Source: KCSO Contracts Unit

Cost per \$1,000 of Assessed Real Property Value

Cost per \$1,000 of assessed real property value shows Woodinville's contract cost in relationship to the property values of Woodinville.



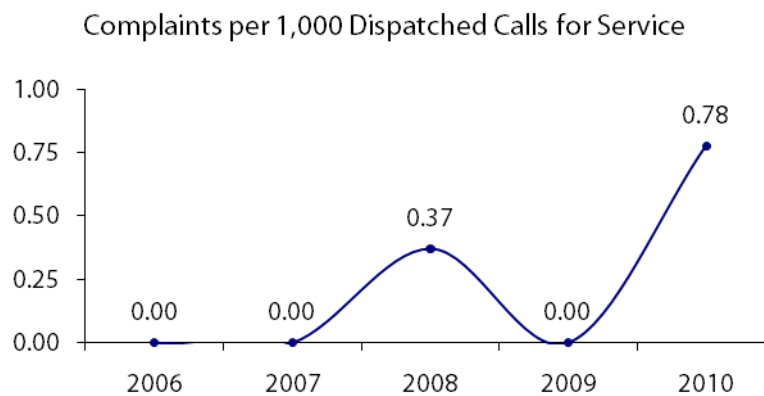
Source: King County Assessor's Office



Complaints against Officers

Complaints against city police officers can originate from the public or internal police department personnel. When a complaint is made, the King County Sheriff's Office Internal Investigations Unit (IIU), which reports directly to the Sheriff, will review the complaint and determine whether a formal complaint investigation should be made. The following are the total number of internal and external complaints that were formally investigated for City of Woodinville officers:

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Number of Complaints	0	0	1	0	2
Number of Dispatched Calls for Service	3,332	2,989	2,698	2,660	2,574



Source: KCSO Internal Investigations Unit



City of Woodinville **Police Service Data** 2010



2010 Annual Report

CRIME SUMMARY

	2009	2010	Percent Change	Crime Rate	Total 2010 Cases Closed
Part I Offenses					
Criminal Homicide	1	0	-100.0%	0.00	0
Forcible Rape (incl. Attempts)	4	2	-50.0%	0.18	0
Robbery	5	9	80.0%	0.82	7
Aggravated Assault	6	8	33.3%	0.73	4
Burglary, Commercial	60	41	-31.7%	3.75	1
Burglary, Residential	45	25	-44.4%	2.29	5
Larceny, over \$250	156	142	-9.0%	12.98	9
Larceny, under \$250	159	151	-5.0%	13.81	38
Vehicle Theft	33	21	-36.4%	1.92	0
Arson	2	2	0.0%	0.18	0
Total Part I Offenses	471	401	-14.9%	36.66	64
Total Part II Offenses	448	342	-23.7%	31.27	46

NOTE:

The crime rate is calculated on the basis of 1,000 people (i.e., number of crimes per 1,000 people). The population is 10,938.

ACTIVITY SUMMARY

	2009	2010	Percent Change
Dispatched calls for service	2,668	2,574	-3.5%
Adult charges/arrests	335	258	-23.0%
Juvenile charges/arrests	41	44	7.3%
Officers assaulted	0	1	N/A
Total gang-related incidents	5	1	-80.0%
Total domestic violence related incidents	47	45	-4.3%
Hate crimes/malicious harassment reports	0	0	N/A



Part One Offenses

Criminal Homicide	0
Rape	1
Child Rape	1
Attempted Rape	0
Robbery, Highway	0
Robbery, Commercial	0
Robbery, Gas Station	0
Robbery, Chain Store	3
Robbery, Residence	0
Robbery, Bank	2
Robbery, Misc.	4
Robbery, Carjack	0
Assault, Firearm	0
Assault, Knife	3
Assault, ODW	2
Assault, Hands	3
Commercial Burglary, FE	30
Commercial Burglary, NF	5
Commercial Burglary, ATT	6
Residential Burglary, FE	9
Residential Burglary, NF	13
Residential Burglary, ATT	3
Larceny, +\$250	142
Larceny, -\$250	151
Auto Theft	21
Truck-Bus Theft	0
Other Vehicle Theft	0
Theft Boat/RV	0
Arson Confirmed	2
Total	401

Part Two Offenses

Assault Fourth	36
Total Forgery/Fraud	69
Stolen Property	2
Vandalism	48
Weapons Violations	3
Commercial Vice	0
Total Sexual Offenses	14
Gambling	0
Total Family/Juvenile	23
DWI	31
Liquor Violations	5
Disorderly Conduct	1
Kidnapping	0
Trespass	13
Opium, coke, etc.	3
Marijuana	16
Synthetic Narcotics	7
Other Narcotics	0
Hate Crimes	0
Viol. of Court Orders (Misd)	11
Viol. of Court Orders (Felony)	0
All other	60
Total	342

NOTE:

The number of DCFS (Dispatched Calls for Service) shown here includes all calls recorded by the Emergency 911 Communications Center as being city calls. However, this number may be slightly higher than the number of DCFS shown in the Police Service Highlights section, which reports only those calls that are verified to take place inside the city limits and are charged to the city as part of its police contract. Actual DCFS counts shown here are usually less than 5 percent higher.

Larceny Offenses

Auto Parts & Accessories	0
Bicycles	13
Coin Operated Machine Device	3
Gas	3
Non-specific Category	34
Pickpocket	1
Purse Snatch	0
Shoplifting	73
Taken from Auto	121
Taken from Building	45
Total	293

**Dispatched Calls
for Service**

2010	2,574
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Response Times

Priority	Avg Time in Mins.
X	3.03
1	7.88
2	11.66
3	28.28



2010 Annual Report

ADULT AND JUVENILE CHARGES, ARRESTS, AND CITATIONS

	Adult Felony	Adult Misdemeanor	Juvenile Felony	Juvenile Misdemeanor	Total Adults and Juveniles
Criminal Homicide	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	1	0	0	0	1
Robbery	7	0	1	0	8
Aggravated Assault	2	0	1	0	3
Burglary	3	0	0	0	3
Larceny	3	48	1	16	68
Vehicle Theft	2	0	0	0	2
Assault, Fourth	0	17	0	6	23
Arson	0	0	0	0	0
Counterfeiting/Forgery	8	0	0	0	8
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	1	0	0	0	1
Stolen Property	2	0	2	0	4
Vandalism	0	4	0	1	5
Weapons Violations	0	1	0	0	1
Prostitution - Vice	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense (No Rape)	0	4	0	0	4
Narcotics/Drug Violation	5	2	1	0	8
Marijuana	0	8	0	6	14
Gambling, Other	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	0	27	0	0	27
Liquor Violation	0	7	0	6	13
Disorderly Conduct	0	0	0	1	1
Other (except Traffic)	2	19	0	1	22
Traffic	0	85	0	1	86
TOTAL	36	222	6	38	302

NOTE:

Charges include all adults and juveniles booked, cited and charged in absentia. Charges do not include persons that are booked on warrants each quarter.

